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(30 October 1909 – 24 January 1966)

Father of Indian nuclear programme

Adams Prize (1942)

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MSAT (Mathematics & Science Ability Test)

10th Std.

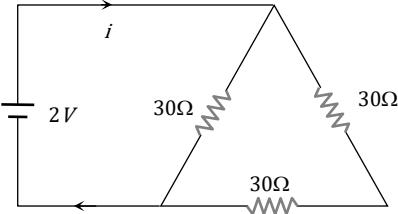
50 Questions

45 Minutes

200 Marks

Negative Marking (+4, -1)

- The weight of a body at the centre of the earth is**
(a) Zero (b) Infinite
(c) Same as on the surface of earth (d) None of the above
- If the distance between two masses is doubled, the gravitational attraction between them**
(a) Is doubled (b) Becomes four times
(c) Is reduced to half (d) Is reduced to a quarter
- Mass M is divided into two parts xM and $(1-x)M$. For a given separation, the value of x for which the gravitational attraction between the two pieces becomes maximum is**
(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{3}{5}$ (c) 1 (d) 2
- Two sphere of mass m and M are situated in air and the gravitational force between them is F . The space around the masses is now filled with a liquid of specific gravity 3. The gravitational force will now be**
(a) F (b) $\frac{F}{3}$ (c) $\frac{F}{9}$ (d) $3 F$
- When a body is taken from the equator to the poles, its weight**
(a) Remains constant (b) Increases (c) Decreases
(d) Increases at N -pole and decreases at S -pole
- A body weighs 700 gm wt on the surface of the earth. How much will it weigh on the surface of a planet whose mass is $\frac{1}{7}$ and radius is half that of the earth**
(a) 200 gm wt (b) 400 gm wt
(c) 50 gm wt (d) 300 gm wt
- The weight of an object in the coal mine, sea level, at the top of the mountain are W_1, W_2 and W_3 respectively, then**
(a) $W_1 < W_2 > W_3$ (b) $W_1 = W_2 = W_3$ (c) $W_1 < W_2 < W_3$ (d) $W_1 > W_2 > W_3$
- Which of the following could not produce a virtual image**
(a) Plane mirror (b) Convex mirror (c) Concave mirror
(d) All the above can produce a virtual image

9. An object 5 cm tall is placed 0.5 m from a concave spherical mirror which has a radius of curvature of 20 cm . The size of the image is
 (a) 2.5 cm (b) 10 cm (c) 1.25 cm (d) 3.75 cm
10. The refractive index of a certain glass is 1.5 for light whose wavelength in vacuum is 6000 \AA . The wavelength of this light when it passes through glass is
 (a) 4000 \AA (b) 6000 \AA (c) 9000 \AA (d) 15000 \AA
11. A light wave has a frequency of $4 \times 10^{14}\text{ Hz}$ and a wavelength of 5×10^{-7} meters in a medium. The refractive index of the medium is
 (a) 1.5 (b) 1.3 (c) 1.0 (d) 0.66
12. The current in the adjoining circuit will be
 (a) $\frac{1}{45}$ ampere
 (b) $\frac{1}{15}$ ampere
 (c) $\frac{1}{10}$ ampere
 (d) $\frac{1}{5}$ ampere
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13. 'Mirage' is a phenomenon due to
 (a) Reflection of light (b) Refraction of light
 (c) Total internal reflection of light (d) Diffraction of light
14. A lens of power $+2$ diopters is placed in contact with a lens of power -1 diopter. The combination will behave like
 (a) A convergent lens of focal length 50 cm (b) A divergent lens of focal length 100 cm
 (c) A convergent lens of focal length 100 cm (d) A convergent lens of focal length 200 cm
15. The direction of magnetic lines of force produced by passing a direct current in a conductor is given by
 (a) Lenz's law (b) Fleming's left hand rule
 (c) Right hand palm rule (d) Maxwell's law
16. Which of the following is not an element?
 a) Diamond b) Silica c) Lawrencium d) Graphite
17. Which of the following is not a unit of length?
 a) gram b) Angstrom c) Micron d) pico metre
18. Kinetic energy of molecules is highest in
 a) Gases b) Solids c) Liquids d) Solutions
19. Atomic number of atoms represents
 a) Protons & Neutrons b) Protons Only
 c) Protons or Neutrons d) Electrons & Neutrons
20. Modern periodic table contain ---group &---period
 a) $7 \& 8$ b) $18 \& 7$ c) $17 \& 8$ d) $8 \& 17$
21. Which metal is in liquid state
 a) Na b) Mg c) Au d) Hydrogyrum

22. Which non-metal is in liquid state
 a) I b) Br c) N d) P
23. The valency of carbon is
 a) 2 b) 4 c) 3 d) 1
24. The formula of ozone is
 a) O₃ b) O₄ c) O₂ d) O
25. If the atomic number = 19 then the element is
 a) P b) C c) N d) K
26. IUPAC name of CH₃CH₂OH is
 a) ethanal b) ethanol c) methanol d) ethyl alcohol
27. PH of water is
 a) less than 7 b) greater than 7 c) equal to 7 d) equal to 1
28. What is the formula of maximum number of electron that can be accommodate in a shell?
 a) 2n² b) n² c) 4n² d) 3n²
29. When two or more substance (elements or compounds) combine to form a single product, the reaction are called
 a) oxidation b) combination c) combustion d) reduction
30. Formula of bleaching powder is
 a) CaCl₂ b) CaCO₃ c) MgCl₂ d) CaOCl₂
31. If the roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are real and of the form $\frac{\alpha}{\alpha-1}$ and $\frac{\alpha+1}{\alpha}$, then the value of $(a+b+c)^2$ is
 (a) $b^2 - 4ac$ (b) $b^2 - 2ac$ (c) $2b^2 - ac$ (d) None of these
32. Which of the following is correct
 (a) $\tan 1 > \tan 2$ (b) $\tan 1 = \tan 2$ (c) $\tan 1 < \tan 2$ (d) $\tan 1 = 1$
33. If $p = \frac{2 \sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta}$, and $q = \frac{\cos \theta}{1 + \sin \theta}$, then
 (a) $pq = 1$ (b) $\frac{q}{p} = 1$ (c) $q - p = 1$ (d) $q + p = 1$
34. If $x = \sec \phi - \tan \phi$, $y = \operatorname{cosec} \phi + \cot \phi$, then
 (a) $x = \frac{y+1}{y-1}$ (b) $x = \frac{y-1}{y+1}$ (c) $y = \frac{1-x}{1+x}$ (d) None of these
35. If $\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{1}{2}$ and $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{2}$, where α and β are positive acute angles, then
 (a) $\alpha = 45^\circ, \beta = 15^\circ$ (b) $\alpha = 15^\circ, \beta = 45^\circ$ (c) $\alpha = 60^\circ, \beta = 15^\circ$ (d) None of these
36. $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} =$
 (a) $5\sqrt{2}$ (b) $3\sqrt{2}$ (c) $2\sqrt{3}$ (d) 0

37. If $5^{x-1} + 5 \cdot (0.2)^{x-2} = 26$, then x may have the value
 (a) 25 (b) 10 (c) 3 (d) None of these
38. The cube root of $9\sqrt{3} + 11\sqrt{2}$ is
 (a) $2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$ (b) $\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}$ (c) $3\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$ (d) $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$
39. If the sum of n terms of an A.P. is $nA + n^2B$, where A, B are constants, then its common difference will be
 (a) $A - B$ (b) $A + B$ (c) $2A$ (d) $2B$
40. Let T_r be the r^{th} term of an A.P. for $r = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. If for some positive integers m, n we have $T_m = \frac{1}{n}$ and $T_n = \frac{1}{m}$, then T_{mn} equals
 (a) $\frac{1}{mn}$ (b) $\frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{n}$ (c) 1 (d) 0
41. If $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n$ are in A.P., where $a_i > 0$ for all i , then the value of

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a_1} + \sqrt{a_2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a_2} + \sqrt{a_3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a_{n-1}} + \sqrt{a_n}} =$$

 (a) $\frac{n-1}{\sqrt{a_1} + \sqrt{a_n}}$ (b) $\frac{n+1}{\sqrt{a_1} + \sqrt{a_n}}$ (c) $\frac{n-1}{\sqrt{a_1} - \sqrt{a_n}}$ (d) $\frac{n+1}{\sqrt{a_1} - \sqrt{a_n}}$
42. If the radius of a sphere is increased by 50%, find the increase percent in volume and the increase in the surface area.
 (a) 125% (b) 50% (c) 75% (d) None
43. The ratio of the areas of the incircle and circumcircle of an equilateral triangle is .
 (a) 1:2 (b) 1:3 (c) 1:4 (d) 1:9
44. P is the point in the interior of an equilateral triangle with side a units. If p_1, p_2 and p_3 are the distance of P from the three sides of the triangle then $p_1 + p_2 + p_3$:
 (a) equals $2a/3$ units (b) equals $\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}$ units
 (c) is more than a units (d) cannot be determined unless the location of P is specified
45. The sides of a triangle are of length 20, 21 and 29 units. The sum of the length of altitudes will be
 (a) 1609/29 units (b) 49 units (c) 1909/21 units (d) 70 units.
46. For transport water Plants have specialized structures called as...
 (a) Leaves (b) meristem (c) Phloem (d) Xylem
47. In case of kidney failure which process is being used ?
 (a) dialysis (b) peristalsis (c) epiglottis (d) ELISA
48. Which of the following is not a cold blooded animal ?
 (a) pisces (b) amphibians (c) reptiles (d) Aves.
49. *Apis mellifera* is related to
 (a) Bee keeping (b) Pisciculture (c) poultry Farming (d) Sericulture.
50. CFC's are responsible for mainly
 (a) Global warming (b) Oxygen Cycle (c) Ozone hole (d) Nitrogen Cycle